John 9

Jesus gives sight and life to a man who was physically and spiritually blind from birth. Jesus is the Light of the World!

Eight Conversations in John 9

Jesus and His Disciples	:1-5
Jesus and the Blind Man	:6-7
The (formerly) blind man and neighbors	:8-12
The (formerly) blind man and Pharisees	:13-17
The Pharisees and the parents	:18-23
The (formerly) blind man and Pharisees	II :24-34
Jesus and the the (formerly) blind man	:35-38
Jesus and the Pharisees	:39-41

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1. Jesus and His Disciples

5. The Pharisees and the parents :18-23

6. The (formerly) blind man and Pharisees II :24-34

7. Jesus and the (formerly) blind man :35-38

8. Jesus and the Pharisees :39-41

John 9 How to view a blind man, or How to view a beggar in need---

Disciples—a subject for theological analysis

Neighbors—a beggar, a "client" for social welfare

Pharisees—a tool to advance their agenda

The Lord Jesus Christ—a person created in the image of God, in need of sight:

both physical and spiritual

"I am the Light of the world." John 8:12, 9:5

Cf. Mt. 5:14

"I am"-----stated 3 ways

9:5---

9:5---

8:12---

8:58---

But cf. 9:9

Comparing two healings: John 5 and John 9, the lame man and the blind man

- --Both men are nameless
- --Both men are consigned to begging
- --Both have known suffering most of their lives
- --Jesus initiated the encounter in both instances
- --Both men are healed apart from faith
- --Both healings occur on a Sabbath day
- --Both men look to a pool for healing
- --Both men suffer at the hands of the religious
- --Both men are unsure where Jesus has disappeared to, and Who He is
- --Both men meet Jesus again
- --Both men are given the opportunity to address deeper issues

John 9:3-4 The answer of Jesus to His disciples

Does v. 3 suggest a harshness in God?

(Suggested solution):

"Neither this man nor his parents sinned, but that the . . .

"Neither this man nor his parents sinned.

But that the works of God should be revealed in him, I must work the works of Him Who sent Me while it is day . . ."

"Will the thing formed say to him who formed it, Why have you made me like this?" Rom. 9:20

Cf. Ex. 4:11; Isa. 45:6-7

Conversation 3: Formerly blind & Neighbors :8-12

Conversation 4: Formerly blind & Pharisees: 13-17

v. 14 "Now it was a Sabbath . . ."

Cf. 5:18: why the Jews pursued killing Jesus--

- 1. Broke the sabbath
- 2. Made Himself equal with God

Three views of Jesus' identity:

- 1. Not from God------broke sabbath
 - 2. Not a sinner----or, how could he do miracles
- 3. A prophet

Conversation 5: Pharisees and parents :18-23

Intimidation

vv. 22-23 carefully stated (rehearsed?)

Conversation 6: Formerly blind & Pharisees II: 24-34 Summoned him again

v. 29—do not know where He is from

v. 33---from God

They "cast him out."

Conversation characteristic of the unconverted, as illustrated in conversations 3 to 6 in John 9:

Sarcasm

ridicule

abuse

belittling

name-calling

suspicion

hate

vituperation

doubt

deception

confusion

Note the speech of Christians in Eph. 4:29ff:

What a contrast! Does your (my) speech reflect the changes Christ has made in our lives?

Four conversations of Jesus in John 9

With followers With blind man

9:1-5

Theological Correction Physical Sight

With formerly blind man With opposers

9:35-38 9:39-41

Spiritual Sight (life) Theological condemnation