

BIBLE DOCTRINE COURSE

Questions

Lesson 1

I. ABIDING.

1. What is the key passage for this doctrine?
2. How would you show that abiding is to be distinguished from salvation?
3. How many of the Persons of the Godhead abide in the believer?
4. Name the two conditions necessary for abiding and give the references in proof.
5. From memory list at least 4 results of abiding and their Scripture references.

II. ADOPTION.

6. What are three peculiarities about the appearance of the word adoption in the Bible?
7. Show that adoption is not in contradiction with the new birth.
8. From what two things has adoption given the believer deliverance? Give the references.

III. ADVOCATE.

9. What is the only place the word advocate is found in our English translation of the Scriptures?
10. What does advocate mean, and how is it used in the Scriptures?
11. What four important things do we learn from the work of the Lord Jesus Christ as the believer's Advocate?
12. Discuss briefly the threefold work of the Holy Spirit as Comforter to the world.

Memory assignment: 1 John 2:1, 2.

Lesson 2

IV. ANGELS.

13. Define the term angels.
14. Give the origin of angels with Scripture references, and relate their origin to Christ and to men.
15. What do the Scriptures teach about the abode of angels?
16. From memory give the four characteristics of angels with one reference for each.
17. What does the Bible say about the ministry of angels to the people of God? Give at least two illustrations from the Bible.
18. What is the significance of the Angel of the Lord in the Old Testament?
19. Who is Michael? (In answering, give at least three things mentioned in the Bible concerning him.)
20. Distinguish between the work of the cherubim and that of the seraphim.
21. What was the sin of Satan? Give the reference.
22. Using the references which are given, discuss briefly the relationship of Satan to the world.
23. Indicate the difference between demons and fallen angels.
24. List the seven major appearances of angels with a Scripture reference for each.

Memory assignment: Eph. 6:10-12.

Lesson 3

V. ANTICHRIST.

25. What facts about antichrist have been pointed out from the verses where the word is found?
26. Using Dan. 11:36-45 and Rev. 13:11-18, give a brief description of the Antichrist.
27. By what other names is the Antichrist referred to in the Bible?
28. Who is the first beast of Rev. 13?

VI. APOSTACY.

29. What does apostacy mean?
30. Write out one verse to prove that the Mosaic Law prohibited apostacy.
31. List, with their references, seven causes for apostacy.
32. What is important to remember about believers and apostacy?

VII. ASSURANCE.

33. Distinguish between assurance and security.
34. How many times do you find the verb know (in any of its forms) in 1 John?
35. What assurance do we have in 1 John 5:4?
36. What do you believe is the biggest reason for the lack of assurance among the people of God today?

Memory assignment: 1 John 3:18-19.

Lesson 4

VIII. ATONEMENT.

37. What is important about the appearance of the word atonement in the Bible?
38. Show the difference in God's dealing with sin before the Cross and after the Cross.
39. What did atonement secure for the people of God?
40. How has the word atonement been misused?

IX. AUTHORITY.

41. How many types of authority are discussed in this section?
42. Give the various phases of authority which were seen in the earthly life of our Lord.
43. To what extent are believers to be obedient to civil powers? Give Scripture in proof.
44. Find and give the reference of some passage not mentioned in the notes which show the authority of the Church.

X. BABYLON.

45. What is the extent of this doctrine in the Scriptures?
46. Give a few facts from Genesis 10 and 11 of the founding of Babylon.
47. How would you prove from the Scriptures that the Babylon of Revelation is Rome?
48. What is ecclesiastical Babylon.

Memory assignment: Matt. 28:18-20.

Lesson 5

XI. BAPTISM.

49. Define baptism.
50. In the use of the noun baptism, where is the greatest emphasis placed?
51. List the various baptisms which are spoken of in Scripture.
52. Why was Christ baptized? Explain your answer.
53. Discuss briefly the baptism with the Holy Spirit.
54. What is the baptism with fire?
55. Explain 1 Cor. 15:29.
56. Show that baptism is not a part of salvation.
57. What two things are mentioned in Scripture as being superior to water baptism?
58. From the language of Scripture, show how you would arrive at the proper mode of baptism.
59. Who has the right to administer baptism?
60. What two things does the book of Acts teach about those who were baptized?

Memory assignment: Rom. 6:1-4.

Lesson 6

XII. BELIEVERS.

61. Which of the Gospel writers has the most to say about believing? What seems to be the reason for this?
62. What is important about Gen. 15:6?
63. What is to be the characteristic of a believer's life?
64. Define a saint.
65. Give a few facts about discipleship as related in the Scriptures.

XIII. BISHOPS, or ELDERS.

66. How does Acts 20:17, 28 show that bishops and elders are the same office?
67. What is the difference in emphasis between bishops and elders?
68. List the qualifications of a bishop.
69. By what other name is the bishop or elder known? Give a Scripture reference to prove this.

XIV. BLASPHEMY.

70. What did the Law require for blasphemers?
71. What is the blasphemy of the Holy Spirit?
72. Explain blasphemy against a heathen god.

Memory assignment: Rom. 1:16.

Lesson 7

XV. BLINDNESS.

73. List the various forms of blindness found in in the outline.
74. Explain briefly national blindness.
75. To what are men blinded by Satan? What dispels that blindness?
76. What will keep blindness from the believer?

XVI. BLOOD.

77. Of what does shed blood speak?
78. What part does "flesh and blood" have in spiritual things?
79. What would be the result of denying the efficacy of the blood of Christ?
80. List, with the references, that which has been accomplished by the shedding of Christ's blood.

XVII. BODY.

81. What Scripture gives the two divisions of this doctrine?
82. What characterizes the human body before salvation?
83. In what was Christ's death different from all other deaths (not including its substitutionary character)?
84. What does the resurrection of Christ mean to the believer?

Memory assignment: 1 Cor. 6:19-20.

Lesson 8

XVIII. BREAD.

85. Of what is leaven a type?
86. How does manna portray Christ?
87. Discuss briefly the significance of the shewbread.
88. What is the important teaching of Lev. 2:2, 3?
89. Point out some facts from John 6 about the bread of life.

XIX. BURIED.

90. What does burial anticipate?
91. Why is the burial of Christ important to the believer? There are two reasons.

XX. CALLING.

92. What quality of God is seen in the divine call? Give Scripture in proof.
93. What is the general call?
94. What is the effectual call?
95. Unto what does God call the redeemed?
96. How can the believer make his "calling and election sure" ?

Memory assignment: John 6:35.

Lesson 9

XXI. CARNALITY.

- 97. How does the Bible designate an unsaved man?
- 98. Into what two classes are the saved divided?
- 99. How can a carnal Christian become spiritual?
- 100. Explain 1 Pet. 2:11 in relation to carnality.
- 101. What are the evidences of a carnal believer?

XXII. CHRIST.

- 102. What Person is the theme of all Scripture?
- 103. How does the Deity of Christ prove that He existed before He became man?
- 104. What part did Christ have in creation? Give Scripture proof.
- 105. Of what importance is John 1:18 to the Old Testament appearance of the Lord?
- 106. Tell briefly about the Lord's appearance to Jacob.
- 107. Discuss the outstanding features of the Person of Christ.
- 108. List from memory the seven divisions of the earthly life of the Lord Jesus Christ.

Memory assignment: Gal. 5:16.

Lesson 10

XXII. CHRIST (concluded).

- 109. What two Old Testament passages are outstanding in foretelling the suffering and death of Christ?
- 110. For whom does Heb. 2:9 say that the Lord Jesus died?
- 111. Who is reconciled, God or man?
- 112. What do the Scriptures teach was the primary reason for the death of Christ?
- 113. If Christ had not been raised from the dead, of what value would His death have been?
- 114. Explain the importance of Gen. 22:5 with reference to the resurrection of Christ.
- 115. How do we know that it was impossible for the body of Christ to remain in the tomb?
- 116. Give a reference which shows the close connection between Christ's resurrection and His ascension.
- 117. What do we mean by saying that Christ's return is twofold?
- 118. Write briefly on the relation of the Second Coming of Christ to Israel.
- 119. When will Christ deliver up the Kingdom to the Father?
- 120. What three things do we learn about the Person of Christ in the eternal state from Rev. 21, 22?

Memory assignment: 1 Peter 3:18.

Lesson 11

XXIII. CHURCH.

121. Why is it important to understand the doctrine of the Church?
122. What does the word church mean?
123. Explain what is meant by the mystery of the church.
124. Name some things which have always characterized God's dealings with men.
125. What three factors make possible the New Testament church?
126. What is the present relationship of the Holy Spirit to the Church?
127. What is the importance of Matt. 16:15-18?
128. List, with one reference for each, the seven figures of Christ and His Church.
129. Discuss briefly any one of the seven figures, using the Word of God as a basis for your discussion.
130. In what two ways is the Church spoken of in the New Testament?
131. Who are members of the mystical body of Christ?
132. What is the practical significance of being a part of Christ's body?

Memory assignment: Col. 1:18.

Lesson 12

XXIV. CLEANSING.

- 133. What are the three cleansings of Scripture?
- 134. What one thing can cleanse the sinner from the guilt of sin?
- 135. What seems to be the object of cleansing?
- 136. For the believer there are three agents of cleansing. List them and give a reference for each.
- 137. Explain the connection of 2 Cor. 7:1 with this doctrine.

XXV. COMMANDMENTS.

- 138. What all is included in the Mosaic Law? Give references.
- 139. Who gave commandments to the Lord Jesus?
- 140. Give two distinctions to be noted from the Word of God between the commandments of Christ and the Law of Moses.
- 141. What group of men gave commandments which are binding upon every believer? Cite Scriptures as proof.

XXVI. CONFESSION.

- 142. How would you distinguish between the confession of sin and the confession of Christ?
- 143. When is confession of sin made to men?
- 144. Of what two things does a real confession consist?

Memory assignment: John 14:21.

Lesson 13

XXVII. CONSCIENCE.

- 145. As man is threefold in his being, of which division is the conscience a part?
- 146. What does the Bible teach about the conscience of the unsaved? Use Scripture in your answer.
- 147. What is the only effective cleansing for the conscience?
- 148. In what sense can the believer depend upon his conscience?

XXVIII. CONVERSION.

- 149. Define conversion.
- 150. Discuss briefly the conversion of sinners.
- 151. How are conversion and salvation related?
- 152. Of what importance is Psa. 19:7 to this doctrine?

XXIX. CONVICTION.

- 153. Give four other translations which are important for this doctrine and one Scripture reference for each.
- 154. What does the Bible teach about the conviction of believers?
- 155. What is the Scriptural basis of conviction?
- 156. In what way are the Word of God and the human conscience related in conviction?

Memory assignment: Acts 24:16.

Lesson 14

XXX. COVENANTS.

- 157. Define a Biblical covenant.
- 158. List the covenants from memory.
- 159. Indicate the particular way in which the last five covenants are each related to the nation Israel.
- 160. Give the peculiarities of the New Covenant.

XXXI. CROSS.

- 161. What use of the word cross is found in Gal. 6:14?
- 162. What is the attitude of the unsaved toward the Cross?
- 163. Explain briefly the teaching of Gal. 5:11 and 6:12.
- 164. Of what does the Cross of Christ speak in His relationship to the Father?

XXXII. DAYS.

- 165. What is the extent of this doctrine in the Bible?
- 166. Using the Scriptures, give some facts regarding the Sabbath.
- 167. What is the difference between the day of Christ and the day of the Lord?
- 168. What is the day of salvation?

Memory assignment: 1 Cor. 1:18.

Lesson 15

XXXIII. DISPENSATIONS.

169. Give from memory the definition of a dispensation as found in the Scofield Bible.
170. List the seven dispensations, giving a brief statement of each of the five points noted under each dispensation.

Memory assignment: 2 Tim. 2:15.

Lesson 16

XXXIV. DARKNESS.

171. What is the significance of darkness throughout the Bible?
172. List four facts concerning the unsaved and darkness.
173. Write out one verse of Scripture which shows that deliverance from darkness is salvation.
174. What typical significance do you see in Gen. 1:2?

XXXV. ELECTION.

175. What is the danger in all Biblical truth, but particularly of the doctrine of election?
176. Upon what is election based?
177. List the four elections of Scripture with one passage of Scripture for each.
178. Explain briefly Luke 18:7 and its connection with this doctrine.

XXXVI. ETERNITY.

179. From the study of what three words do we base this doctrine?
180. How would you define eternity?
181. Give one verse of Scripture for each member of the Godhead, showing that each is eternal.
182. List from memory the nine eternal factors which are mentioned in the Bible in connection with judgment.

Memory assignment: Deut. 33:27.

Lesson 17

XXXVII. FAITH.

183. In what four ways is the word faith used in the Bible?
184. Explain the believer's faithfulness.
185. What do you believe is the significance of the various relationships of faith?
186. How does faith increase?

XXXVIII. FATHERHOOD OF GOD.

187. In what four respects is God spoken of in Scripture as Father?
188. How is God the Father of all men? Explain how this expression is being misused.
189. What is the basis of the Father's dealings with His children?
190. Give the practical lesson of Heb. 12:9 as it is related to this doctrine.

Memory assignment: Rom. 10:17.

Lesson 18

XXXIX. FIRST-FRUITS.

191. To what in the Old Testament does the doctrine of first-fruits refer?
192. What is the typical significance of first-fruits?
193. Explain briefly the meaning of Christ as the first-fruits.
194. How do Rom. 16:5 and 1 Cor. 16:15 contribute to this doctrine.

XL. FLESH.

195. Give the four uses of the word flesh in Scripture and write out one verse of Scripture for each.
196. What are the characteristics of a fleshly mind?
197. List the works of the flesh.
198. What does the Bible teach about the believer and the flesh?

XLI. FOREKNOWLEDGE and FOREORDINATION.

199. Explain fully the reason for studying these two doctrines together.
200. What is divine foreknowledge?
201. Give the order of redemption as found in Rom. 8:29, 30.
202. What do we mean by saying that believers are capable of foreknowing? Give the passage where such a reference is made.

Memory assignment: Rom. 8:29, 30.

Lesson 19

XLII. FORGIVENESS.

- 203. Of the three who can forgive according to the Word of God, where does the main emphasis of the doctrine lie?
- 204. Upon what within God is His forgiveness of men dependent?
- 205. What does the Bible teach concerning the completeness of divine forgiveness? Give a Scripture in proof.
- 206. List four facts which are taught about the forgiveness which believers are to exercise.

XLIII. FRUIT.

- 207. Show the importance of John 15:16 to this doctrine.
- 208. Explain what is meant by distinguishing between the agents which produce the fruit and those who bear it.
- 209. What three conditions are necessary for fruit-bearing?
- 210. What is the importance of the kind of fruit that is borne?

XLIV. GENEALOGY.

- 211. How many genealogies are there in the Bible?
- 212. What is important about the word "genealogies" as it occurs in the New Testament?

Memory assignment: John 15:16.

Lesson 20

XLV. GENTILES.

- 213. List the three prominent groups which are distinct in Scripture by writing out the verse where they are found.
- 214. Of these groups, which is the oldest?
- 215. Where do we find the first official offer of salvation to the Gentiles?
- 216. In what respects is there no difference between the Jew and the Greek, or Gentile?
- 217. What does the expression "the times of the Gentiles" mean?
- 218. Discuss briefly the judgment of the nations.

XLVI. GIFTS.

- 219. What are two important facts to remember about the gifts of the Holy Spirit as found in 1 Cor. 12?
- 220. Of what gift does Eph. 2:8, 9 speak?
- 221. What is the purpose of the gifts to the Church as recorded in Eph. 4:7-16?

XLVII. GLORY.

- 222. Preeminently, where do we see the glory of God?
- 223. How does man reveal the glory of God?
- 224. What is the place called "glory" ?

Memory assignment: 2 Cor. 3:18.

Lesson 21

XLVIII. GOSPEL.

- 225. What is the Bible's definition of the Gospel?
- 226. Explain from 2 Tim. 1:10 the divine objective in the Gospel.
- 227. Show how Mark 8:35 is related to this doctrine.
- 228. Why is it important to know that the fellowship of believers is in the Gospel?
- 229. In what ways does Satan seek to nullify the power of the Gospel?
- 230. Indicate the difference between "the gospel of the Kingdom" and "the gospel of the grace of God."

XLIX. GRACE.

- 231. What important distinction have we seen between grace in the Old Testament and grace in the New Testament?
- 232. List from memory the six points noted in the outline about the Lord Jesus Christ and grace.
- 233. Give a brief explanation of 2 Cor. 1:12).
- 234. What is the threefold position of the believer with respect to grace? Give a reference for each.
- 235. How is the believer to minister in grace?
- 236. Is it possible for a believer to fall from grace? Explain your answer.
- 237. Concerning this doctrine, what does eternity hold for the believer?
- 238. After you have read every Scripture given in the notes on this doctrine you may answer this question with "yes".

Memory assignment: 2 Cor. 12:9.

Lesson 22

L. GUILT.

- 239. What light does Rom. 3:19 throw upon this doctrine?
- 240. In what respects may men be guilty?
- 241. From what the Scriptures teach concerning the knowledge of guilt, what would you conclude about the one who has never heard the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ?
- 242. What remains to be done by one who is guilty?

LI. HEADSHIP.

- 243. Give one word which expresses the main idea conveyed by headship.
- 244. What are the four ways in which the Scriptures speak of the Lord Jesus Christ as Head?
- 245. Indicate (from the Scriptures given in the outline) some of the authority given to Christ by His Head, God the Father.
- 246. List two things which are true of every man as a result of the headship of Adam.

LII. HEART.

- 247. What determines what a man really is?
- 248. What are the two possibilities for the human heart? Explain each.
- 249. After reading each of the Scriptures which are concerned with the natural heart, list the various characteristics with one reference for each.
- 250. List four ways by which the redeemed heart is indicated in the Old Testament.

Memory assignment: Jer. 17:9, 10.

Lesson 23

LIII. HEAVEN.

251. Name some other doctrines to which the doctrine of heaven is related.
252. Write out one verse which shows that heaven is the abode of God.
253. List three facts given in the Scripture concerning Christ and heaven.
254. What other Person of the Godhead has come down from heaven? Give a reference.
255. Give the teaching of the Scriptures concerning the believer and heaven.

LIV. HELL.

256. What four words are translated hell in the Bible?
257. What does Sheol mean and where only is it found?
258. What word in the New Testament means the same as Sheol?
259. Define Gehenna and give some additional facts concerning it from the related Scriptures.
260. Explain what you are able to from the Scriptures about Tartarus.

Memory assignment: 1 Thess. 4:16, 17.

Lesson 24

LV. HOLINESS.

261. What three words all come under the heading of this doctrine?
262. List the four different aspects of holiness to be found in the Bible and give one reference for each.
263. Write out one verse of Scripture which shows the place of holiness in worship.
264. What does Rom. 6:19, 22 contribute to this doctrine?
265. Give three ways in which the Scriptures indicate that holiness can be perfected.

LVI. HOLY SPIRIT.

266. How would you describe the Holy Spirit to one who had never heard of Him?
267. Give at least three characteristics of the Holy Spirit which can be seen in His names.
268. With what is the Holy Spirit chiefly concerned?
269. List the work of the Holy Spirit in behalf of the believer which is once-for-all.
270. Take any one of the points under the believer's responsibility toward the Spirit and explain briefly what you believe it means.

Memory assignment: Heb. 10:14.

Lesson 25

LVII. HOPE.

- 271. Define Biblical hope and indicate what it is not as well as what it is.
- 272. What does Rom. 15:4 mention as the source of true hope?
- 273. Explain the place of Phil. 1:20 in this doctrine.
- 274. What practical matters are given in the Word of God in connection with the hope which believers have?

LVIII. HUMILITY.

- 275. What is the manner in which the Word of God reveals that humility will become a real part of the lives of the people of God?
- 276. Give three commands which are given in the Bible to believers about humility and include one reference with each.
- 277. What is gained by the believer through humility?
- 278. Do you see any difficulty with respect to fulfilling the command of Phil. 2:3? If so, what is it?

LIX. IMMORTALITY.

- 279. In the study of any doctrine it is often helpful to know what it is not. What two things are mentioned in the notes which must be distinguished from immortality?
- 280. With what part of man does immortality have to do?

(Over)

281. What is the companion term of immortality? Dis-
tinguish between the two.

282. What can be said from the Scriptures about
Christ and immortality?

Memory assignment: 2 Chron. 7:14.

(over)

Lesson 26

LX. IMPUTATION.

- 283. Define imputation.
- 284. Give from memory the three imputations which are found in the Word of God.
- 285. By whom and when were the sins of all men imputed to the Lord Jesus Christ?
- 286. Enumerate the chief factors about the imputation of the righteousness of God to the believer.

LXI. INHERITANCE.

- 287. Name the four inheritances of Scripture and give a brief word of explanation about each.
- 288. What Scripture shows that men by nature cannot share the inheritance of the Church?
- 289. What is the character of the believer's inheritance?
- 290. Cite the practical significance of this doctrine.

LXII. INTERCESSION.

- 291. Define an intercessor.
- 292. Show how large a part intercession has taken and is taking in the ministry of the Lord Jesus.
- 293. From Rom. 8:26, 27 indicate the truth which is revealed about the Spirit's intercession.

(Over)

294. What should be the concern of one who prays for
the minister of the Word according to 2 Thess.
3:1, 2?

Memory assignment: Isa. 53:5-6.

...the minister of the Word ...

...the minister of the Word ...

...the minister of the Word ...

...the minister of the Word ...

...the minister of the Word ...

...the minister of the Word ...

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...the minister of the Word ...

...the minister of the Word ...

(over)

Lesson 27

LXIII. JUDGMENT.

- 295. What is the twofold result of divine judgment upon the sins of the believer? Give the reference.
- 296. Point out the peculiarity about the judgment of Satan.
- 297. Explain the connection between the sinning of believers and 1 Cor. 11:31-32.
- 298. Will salvation be the issue before the Judgment Seat of Christ? Give a reference to prove your answer.
- 299. What three judgments will take place after Christ returns to the earth?
- 300. Describe briefly the judgment of the wicked dead.

LXIV. JUSTIFICATION.

- 301. Give the two aspects of justification.
- 302. Why cannot God justify man as he is by nature?
- 303. What did the Law fail to produce one justified person?
- 304. List the conditions under which it is necessary that every sinner find justification.
- 305. Explain the phrase in Rom. 4:25, "was raised again for our justification."
- 306. How can any man be just before God?

Memory assignment: 1 Cor. 6:11.

Lesson 28

LXV. KING and KINGDOM.

- 307. List and give a brief explanation of the four kingdoms which are mentioned in the Bible.
- 308. What was included in the covenant which the Lord made with David as recorded in 2 Sam. 7?
- 309. What will be the character of the Kingdom to be established by our Lord Jesus Christ?
- 310. Why has the setting up of the Kingdom been delayed and when can we expect to see the Kingdom promises fulfilled?

LXVI. LAW.

- 311. When a word is used in as many different ways as this word is, what is to be the deciding factor as to its meaning in any particular case?
- 312. How many laws are mentioned in the outline?
- 313. Name the most important use of the word Law and list other names by which it is known in Scripture.
- 314. What significant thing about the Old Testament can be seen in Luke 24:44?

LXVII. LIFE.

- 315. What three uses of the word life do we have in the Bible?
- 316. Show from Scripture that the natural man does not have eternal life.
- 317. As concerning men, what was the specific purpose of the coming of the Lord Jesus Christ into the world?

(Over)

Memory assignment: Isa. 9:6, 7.

Lesson 29

LXVIII. The LORD'S SUPPER.

- 319. When and by whom was the Lord's Supper instituted?
- 320. Explain the significance of the two elements.
- 321. Two major doctrines of Scripture are given witness in the Lord's Supper. What are they?
- 322. What important fact is pointed out about self-examination in 1 Cor. 11:28 ?

LXIX. MAN.

- 323. Why is this such an important doctrine?
- 324. Write out a verse of Scripture which gives the three parts of man's being.
- 325. In what three ways did Adam die when he sinned?
- 326. What does the New Testament teach about the effect of Adam's sin upon men generally?
- 327. In Heb. 2:6-18, what are the four reasons given for the coming of Christ into the world?
- 328. When will God's ultimate purpose in redemption be accomplished and what, specifically, will it be?

LXX. MARRIAGE.

- 329. How have the Father and the Son hallowed the marriage relationship?
- 330. As taken from the Scriptures, what are to be the main attitudes of the husband and the wife toward each other?

Memory assignment: Phil. 3:20-21.

Lesson 30

LXXI. MEDIATION.

- 331. Define a mediator.
- 332. Who are the two outstanding mediators of Scripture? Contrast them.
- 333. What constitutes the need for mediation between God and men?

LXXII. MERCY.

- 334. Give a definition of mercy.
- 335. How do the Scriptures characterize God's mercy?
- 336. What is the only way in which sinful men can lay claim upon God?
- 337. Explain briefly the significance you see in "grace, mercy, and peace" as to the order in which they are mentioned.

LXXIII. MESSIAH.

- 338. What does "Messiah" mean?
- 339. Write out one New Testament verse which shows the name which is the equivalent of Messiah in the New Testament.

LXXIV. MINISTRY.

- 340. List the various ministries of Scripture.
- 341. What four things characterize the New Testament ministry?
- 342. What does the Lord expect of the minister in his work?

Memory assignment: Mark 10:45.