Preparations for the House of God

1 Chronicles 21-22
October 4, 2015
THE KINGSHIP OF DAVID

A. David’s Victories
   1. Anointed as king
   2. Successfully transports the ark
   3. Davidic Covenant

B. David’s Sins (only in 2 Samuel 11)
   1. Adultery with Bathsheba
   2. Murder of Uriah

C. David’s Problems
   1. David’s son dies (Solomon is born by Bathsheba)
   2. Absalom’s rebellion and murder
   3. David’s census (1 Chronicles 21)

D. David’s Preparations for the temple (1 Chronicles 22-27)
E. David’s Last Days (1 Chronicles 28-29)
Ammonite alliance gathers for battle

David's forces attack the Ammonite alliance

Syrians beyond the Euphrates River attack at Helam

David's forces defeat the Syrians at Helam
I. David’s Census (21:1-17)
Who did what?

Then Satan stood up against Israel and moved David to number Israel.

1 Chronicles 21:1

Now again the anger of the LORD burned against Israel, and it incited David against them to say, "Go, number Israel and Judah."

2 Samuel 24:1
“Take for yourself...”

**OPTION #1:** 3 years of famine

**OPTION #2:** 3 months of military defeat

**OPTION #3:** 3 days of the sword of the Lord
I. David’s Census (21:1-17)

II. David purchases the land for the temple (21:18-22:5)
The top of Mount Moriah, called The Rock (Arabic “Sakhra”), is now visible inside the Islamic Dome of the Rock. King Solomon built the Most Holy Place (or Holy of Holies) of the temple on this rock (2 Chron. 3:1).

David’s Palace was built on the ruins of the Jebusite Citadel. The excavated “Stepped Stone Structure” supported this building on the east.

The Millo was a terraced construction on a steep slope, on which houses were built.

Mount Moriah is the name of the hilltop north of the city of David. It is part of the same Eastern Hill of Jerusalem on which David built his city. This hill is first mentioned in the book of Genesis as the place where Abraham went to sacrifice Isaac (Gen. 22:2).

The excavated Spring and Pool Towers protected the abundant water supply of the Gihon Spring. Water from the pool would presumably have been drawn from a wooden platform.

Araunah’s threshing floor, located on the top of Mount Moriah, was the place where David built an altar to God. According to Jewish tradition, it is the same place where Abraham built an altar to sacrifice his son Isaac (see Gen. 22:2; 2 Chron. 3:1).
Solomon’s Temple

The First Temple, erected by King Solomon, was built to replace the Tabernacle and to house the Ark of the Covenant. The Temple was completed in 957 BC after seven years of labor, but was destroyed by the Babylonians in 587 BC.
I. David’s Census (21:1-17)

II. David purchases the land for the temple (21:18-22:5)

III. David’s charge to Solomon and the leaders (22:6-19)
...I will give peace...

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<th>PEACE</th>
<th>שָׁלוֹם</th>
<th>shalom</th>
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<tr>
<td>JERUSALEM: city of peace</td>
<td>יְרוּשָׁלַ֫ם</td>
<td>Yerushalaim</td>
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<td>SOLOMON</td>
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